

**Table 1: Poverty Elasticity of Growth Based on Income Poverty Headcount and Average Annual GDP Growth (%), 1990–1996**

Country	Ave GDP Growth 90–96	Poverty, Rural			Poverty, Urban			Elasticity	
		1990	1996	% Red.	1990	1996	% Red.	Rural	Urban
Bangladesh	<b>4.6</b>	86	51	-40.70	86	56	-34.88	<b>-1.475</b>	-1.264
Republic of Korea	<b>7.9</b>	11	4	-63.64	18	5	-72.22	<b>-1.343</b>	-1.524
Indonesia	<b>8.0</b>	44	16	-63.64	26	20	-23.08	<b>-1.326</b>	-0.481
Nepal	<b>5.2</b>	61	43	-29.51	55	19	-65.45	<b>-0.946</b>	-2.098
Philippines	<b>2.8</b>	64	54	-15.63	50	40	-20.00	<b>-0.930</b>	-1.190
Malaysia	<b>9.5</b>	38	23	-39.47	13	8	-38.46	<b>-0.693</b>	-0.675
Thailand	<b>8.6</b>	34	29	-14.71	15	7	-53.33	<b>-0.285</b>	-1.034
India	<b>5.6</b>	51	49	-3.92	40	38	-5.00	<b>-0.117</b>	-0.149
Pakistan	<b>5.1</b>	29	31	6.90	32	20	-37.50	<b>0.225</b>	-1.225
PRC	<b>10.7</b>	10	12	20.00	NA	NA	NA	<b>0.312</b>	NA

Sources: Poverty Data – UNDP Human Development Reports

GDP Growth – ADB Key Indicators of Developing Asian and Pacific Countries