

KEY DIRECTIONS FOR PEOPLE'S HEALTH (DRAFT)

№	Priority policy directions and measures	Implementation time frame	Responsible agencies	Monitoring indicators	Indicators by year				
					2003	2004	2005	2006	2010
I	Expansion of access of population, especially in the rural areas and low-income households to medical services								
	<i>Strengthening of the primary level of health care</i>	2004-2010	Ministry of Health, Ministry of Finance, Mass Media, Ministry of People's Education, IFIs						
	Strengthening activities on promoting of healthy lifestyles								
	Equipping primary level of health care with modern medical equipment, transportation and communication								
	Ensuring important medical preparations, reactives and means of prevention								
	Transfer towards per-capita method of financing								
	Training and re-training of medical personell								
	<i>Strengthening emergency care</i>	2004-2010	Ministry of Health, Ministry of Finance, Mass Media, IFIs						
	Strengthening international standards of diagnosis and treatment								
	Equipping care system with modern medical equipment and instruments								
	Increase of staffing with qualified medical personnel								
	<i>Ensuring access of low income and vulnerable groups to specialized medical care</i>			share of those from low income families using medical services					

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					2003	2004	2005	2006	2010
2.	Increase of medical culture in family, improving women's health, delivery and upbringing of healthy generation								
	Promulgation of healthy lifestyle and medical culture								
	Expansion of prevention against extra-genital and gynaecological diseases	2004-2010	Ministry of Health, State JSC "Dori-Darmon", Insitute of health, "Soglom Avlod" Foundation, IFIs	Maternal mortality <i>By 2005 to reduce maternal mortality by 2/3 and infant mortality by 3/4</i>	2001-34.1% 2002-32.0%	31.6%	31.4%	31.2%	28.0%
	Organisation of health checks for infants starting from perinatal period								
	Introduction of international standards for services to women and children								
	Increase of qualification of medical personnel on urgent issues of obstetrics and childhood								
	Improving equipment in obstetrics and childhood facilities								
	Development of services on blood transfusion and hematology								
3	Prevention and reduction of socially important diseases:								
	<i>TB</i>								
	Expansion of prevention in terms of vaccination of newly-born infants and revaccination of children	2004-2010	Ministry of Health	Reliable immunization system	94.60%	96%	97%	98%	99.8%
	Stable supply of BSG vaccine and tuberculine to treatment-preventive facilities	2004-2010	NIIB and farmcom		60%	70%	90%	100%	100%
	Carrying out systematic examinations of appropriate contingent for TB	2004-2010	Ministry of Health	Percentage of coverage of the contingent	70%	80%	80%	90%	100%
	Timely hospitalisation of identified patients	2004-2010	Ministry of Health	Reduction of family infected	1584	1580	1580	1350	1000
	Expansion of application of standardised WHO methods of diagnosis and treatment	2004-2010	Tibtaminot Tibtechnica Ministry of Health	Maximum treatment of identified patients	50%	50%	60%	70%	80%

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			IFIs						
	Isolation and full coverage of those who contracted TB	2004-2010	Ministry of Health	Reduction of morbidity of contacted, reduction of family members with TB	76%	77%	80%	85%	100%
	Strengthening of social support to TB patients from low-income families								
	<i>AIDS</i>								
	Strengthen and increase quality of preventive measures and treatment of AIDS	2003 2010	AIDS center Central State Sanitary Epidemiologic Surveillance Institute of Health	Reduction of newly infected patients	867	760	660	560	160
	Drug use								
	Training schoolchildren on methods of health protection and prevention of bad habits, including drug use								
	Active identification of individuals who use drugs as part of risk group	2004 - 2010	Drugs control committee of Ministry of Interior Mass Media, Ministry of Peoples Education Ministry of Secondary and Higher-Special Education Camolot Ministry of Health	Percentage of active identification of drug-addicts	15%	20%	25%	30%	50%
	Expansion of trust points network and facilities of anonymous treatment								
	Strengthening assets-inventory base, training on WHO standards and staffing drug centres with qualified personnel	2004 - 2010	Ministry of Health	Percentage of nargologic facilities built as per type project	-	-	0.01%	0.02%	0.05%
				Percentage of medical personnel undergoing training	5%	15%	30%	40%	50%

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	<i>Deficiency of micro-elements</i>								
	Increase qualifications of medical personnel on prevention, early identification and treatment of microelements deficiency cases	2004 – 2010	Ministry of Health	Percentage of populaltion with iodine deficiency	84%	70%	50%	30%	-
	Ensuring early identification and diagnosis of deficiency cases								
	Carrying out phased comprehensive treatment and prevention of microelements deficiency cases								
	Organization of clear system of prevention against iodine deficiency cases		Ministry of Health, Ministry of Peoples Education Ministry of Food Industry, Mass Media	Content of Iodine potassium in salt					65r/t
4.	Increase of sanitary epidemiologic welfare								
	Increase measures to prevent the import and spread of dangerous infections on the territory of the Republic.	By 2010	Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Health Border Services Khokimiyates,	Lack of registration of data on infections among population	+	+	+	+	+
	Strengthen facilities in existing laboratories for sanitary-epidemiological service as well as construction of new ones.	2004-2007	Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Health	Modern methods of research	+	+	+	+	+
	Centralized supply of bacterial and viral preparations for all types of research	2004-2005	Khokimiyats,	Quality diagnosis of infectious disease	+	+	+	+	+
	Improving monitoring system for sanitary epidemiological welfare		Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Health						